





Q Be bothered by installation or replacement of a shock absorber?

A There is a solution with Pisco's

2-stage Speed Controller



Product's initial series name "Brake built-in Speed Controller" has been changed to "2-stage Speed Controller", which describes its feature more appropriately.

Feature

Shock absorber is not required.

With realized 2-stage exhaust flow adjustment, a similar control as a shock absorber becomes possible.

Adjustment of shock absorbing property is possible by the adjustment of 2nd speed (EX2(CUSHION)) flow rate.

2-stage speeds can be controlled by individual needles.

e.g. Reducing the shock to 1/9 (reducing speed to 1/3) while keeping the same cycle time.



It is possible to shorten traveling (cycle) time as long as conventional shock absorbing (cushion) property is same.*

*Conventional shock absorbing property means shock absorbing by reducing the cylinder speed by a cylinder mounting type shock-absorber near the stroke end.

e.g. Actuate 80% of cylinder stroke at the speed of twice as fast as the regular speed of a conventional standard speed controller, then actuate the last 20% of the stroke at the regular speed.



Speed shift timing is adjustable.

The speed shifting (brake) timing from EX1 to EX2 can be set at the position where the shock absorber does not work. Intermediate stop of cylinder is possible.

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Pneumatic Symbol

Specification

Fluid medium	Air
Operating pressure range 0.2~1.0MPa	
Operating temp. range	$0 \sim 60^{\circ} C$ (No freezing)



Construction



No.	Part	Material
\bigcirc	Timer (TIM) needle	Special stainless steel
2	Speed (EX1) needle	Electroless nickel-plated brass
3	Cushion(EX2) needle	Electroless nickel-plated brass
4	Inner ring	Electroless nickel-plated brass
(5)	Resin body	PBT
6	Diaphragm	HNBR
\bigcirc	Release-ring	POM
8	Guide-ring	Electroless nickel-plated brass
9	Lock-claws	Stainless steel
10	Elastic-sleeve	NBR
1	Valve retainer	Aluminum
(12)	Valve element	HNBR
(13)	Spring	Stainless steel
(14)	Stopper ball	Stainless steel
(15)	Main spool O-ring	HNBR
(16)	Main valve spool	Aluminum
17	Main spool guide	Aluminum
(18)	Silencer	PVF
(19)	Needle guide	Electroless nickel-plated brass
20	Lock nut	Aluminum
21	Knob	Electroless nickel-plated brass
22	Spool seal packing	HNBR: BJSU4, NBR: BJSU6 & BJSU8
(23)	Fixed O-ring	NBR

Exhaust flow characteristic (Air supply : 0.5MPa)



Model Designation (Example)



Detailed Safety Instruction

⚠ Warning

Adjust a speed of an actuator by referring to Speed adjusting method(Page.4). Inappropriate procedure may result in rapid action or jumping out of an actuator under incorrect procedure.

∆Cautions

- 1. Since the speed controllers is designed to tolerate some leakage, avoid using on an application requiring complete air-tightness.
- 2. During braking (shock absorbing) process, thrust of a cylinder is reduced by back pressure till the residual air in cylinder is
- exhausted completely. 3. Air leak around a cylinder may affect the speed adjustment.
- 4. Do not block the exhaust ports during the adjustment and operation.

2-stage Speed Controller

Outline Dimensional Drawing



Speed adjusting method

Function of each needle Controlling details **BEX1** ©EX2 $(\bigcirc)(\bigcirc)(\bigcirc)$ Solenoid Valve side Cylinder side (SPEED (CUSHION) Advancinc Q_{fast} CUSHION [fast slow] [slow] late auick **ATIM**(TIMER) ©EX2(CUSHION)needle ATIM(TIMER)needle ATIM (TIMER) Adjust the speed shift timing Adjust the operating (initial) Adjust the 2nd (braking) speed CUSHION speed of drive equipment for controlling intensity of a brake Retracting or shock absorbing property ©FX2 ®FX1 (CUSHION) (SPEED) l ock nut Starting position Stroke End Solenoid Valve side Cylinder side

Speed adjusting method

① Install the product. Connect tube from cylinder port to the OUT side of the product.

- ② Before carrying out the speed adjustment, fully open TIM and EX1 needles by turning them couterclockwise and completely close EX2 needle by turning it clockwise.
- ③Adjust the 2nd (braking) speed with EX2 needle. Actuate the cylinder by gradually opening the EX2 needle so that the piston moves and reaches to stroke-end. Tighten the lock nut while holding the needle head in order not to change the adjusted speed.
- (4) Adjust the shift (brake) timing with TIM needle. Close TIM needle gradually so that the break (shock absorber function) works near the stroke end. Do not turn the TIM needle to near full close position or close the needle quickly from full open positon, otherwise speed shifting effect (brake or shock absorbing function) does not work.
- (5) When decelerate the operating speed of the cylinder, adjust EX1 needle and readjust the timing of speed shift (brake) again.
- (6) Fine-tune all of the needles. Then tighten the lock nuts firmly while holding the needle heads of TIM and EX1 in order not to change the adjusted setting.

11 Tips for the adjustment

- Fix the pressure and the length of tube before adjusting these needles, so that the setting of this product will not be affected.
- As for speed adjusting process $(1 \sim 3)$, adjust two controlles together at the both sides of the cylinder, then adjust them separately for process $(4 \sim 6)$.
- Completely open EX1 needle (accelerate cylinder) and nearly completely close EX2 needle (strengthen a brake), when the timing of a brake is difficult to sense.
- · Adjust the timing of a break with sufficient distance from the stroke end.
- · Adjust all needles over again if encountering a problem.

AIRTEC Pneumatic Sweden AB Box 120 283 22 Osby

Tel: 0479 - 126 00

4

E-post: mail@airtec.se